The Milkweed Patch 2025 Catalog of Plants

Website: <u>www.TheMilkweedPatch.com</u> Facebook Page: <u>www.facebook.com/TheMilkweedPatchInOhio</u> Email: <u>TheMilkweedPatch@gmail.com</u>



All plants are nursery grown without pesticide!





Plants are available in gallon, quart, and 21/2" pots.

Some plants have limited availability (species and sizes) – contact us to ask!

The Milkweed Patch has several sales lined up – check our Facebook page and website for dates and locations or send us an email to arrange something (local delivery can also be arranged)!

Plants are never collected from the wild.

Botanic Name	Common Name	Page
Agastache foeniculum	Anise hyssop	18
Asclepias exaltata	Poke milkweed	4
Asclepias hirtella	Tall green milkweed	4
Asclepias incarnata	Swamp milkweed	5
Asclepias sullivantii	Sullivant's milkweed	5
Asclepias syriaca	Common milkweed	6
Asclepias tuberosa	Butterfly milkweed	6
Asclepias verticillata	Whorled milkweed	7
Asclepias viridis	Spider milkweed	7
Cephalanthus occidentalis*	Buttonbush	20
Conoclinium coelestinum	Blue mistflower	16
Coreopsis lanceolata	Lance-leaf coreopsis	16
Cunila origanoides	American dittany	17
Cynanchum laeve	Milkweed vine	8
Diervilla lonicera*	Northern bush honeysuckle	20
Echinacea purpurea	Purple coneflower	15
Iris virginica*	Southern blue flag iris	19

Botanic Name	Common Name	Page
Liatris aspera	Rough blazing star	13
Liatris ligulistylis	Meadow blazing star	14
Liatris scariosa var. nieuwlandii	Northern blazing star	14
Liatris spicata	Dense blazing star	13
Lobelia cardinalis*	Cardinal flower	19
Oligoneuron riddelli	Riddell's goldenrod	11
Oligoneuron rigidum	Stiff goldenrod	11
Pycnanthemum muticum	Clustered mountain mint	18
Rudbeckia fulgida	Orange coneflower	15
Solidago flexicaulis*	Zigzag goldenrod	12
Solidago odora	Fragrant goldenrod	10
Solidago rugosa	Wrinkle-leaf goldenrod	12
Solidago speciosa	Showy goldenrod	10
Symphyotrichum cordifolium*	Heart-leaved aster	8
Symphyotrichum laeve	Smooth blue aster	9
Symphyotrichum oblongifolium	Aromatic aster	9
Verbesina virginica	Frostweed	17

Species in shaded rows prefer shady locations!

Species marked with an asterisk are new for us this year!



Poke milkweed

Asclepias exaltata





Sun Exposure: Shade to partial shade

Soil Moisture: Medium-Wet, Medium, Medium-Dry

Height: 5 feet

Bloom Time: June – July

Bloom Color: White to cream, drooping

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant for the monarch butterfly and the milkweed tussock moth.

Tall green milkweed

Asclepias hirtella





Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium-Wet, Medium, Medium-Dry, Dry

Height: 4 feet

Bloom Time: June -August

Bloom Color: Whitegreen

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant for the monarch butterfly and the milkweed tussock moth.



Swamp milkweed

Asclepias incarnata





Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Moisture: Medium-Wet, Medium, Medium-Dry

Height: 3-5 feet

Bloom Time: July - August

Bloom Color: Pink, fragrant

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant for the monarch butterfly and the milkweed tussock moth.

Great for gardens and pots.

Sullivant's milkweed

Asclepias sullivantii



Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Moisture: Medium, Medium-Wet

Height: 3 feet

Bloom Time: June -August

Bloom Color: Pink

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant for the monarch butterfly and the milkweed tussock moth.

Deep taproot – choose site wisely.



Common milkweed

Asclepias syriaca





Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Moisture: Medium, Medium-Dry, Dry

Height: 3-5 feet

Bloom Time: June - July

Bloom Color: Pink, very fragrant

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant for the monarch butterfly and the milkweed tussock moth.

Give this guy some room! Considered aggressive.



Asclepias tuberosa





Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Moisture: Dry

Height: 1-2 feet

Bloom Time: July - August

Bloom Color: Orange

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant for the monarch butterfly and the milkweed tussock moth.

Behaves well in the garden but must not be overwatered.



Whorled milkweed

Asclepias verticillata





Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Moisture: Dry

Height: 1-2 feet

Bloom Time: July -September

Bloom Color: Creamy white, fragrant

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant for the monarch butterfly and the milkweed tussock moth.

Behaves well in the garden. Blooms later than other milkweeds.

Spider milkweed

Asclepias viridis





Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Moisture: Medium-Dry, Dry

Height: 12-18 inches

Bloom Time: May - June

Bloom Color: White to yellow-green with a purple tinge

Wildlife Value:

Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant for the monarch butterfly and the milkweed tussock moth.

Behaves well in the garden. Earliest blooming milkweed.



Milkweed vine

Cynanchum laeve





Sun Exposure: Full sun to shade

Soil Moisture: Medium, Medium-Dry, Dry

Height: N/A (vine)

Bloom Time: July - August

Bloom Color: Creamy white, fragrant

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant for the monarch butterfly and the milkweed tussock moth.

Vine grows continuously all summer. Give this guy room and a trellis.



Heart-leaved aster



Symphyotrichum cordifolium

Sun Exposure: Full to partial shade

Soil Moisture: Medium, Medium-Dry

Height: 3 feet

Bloom Time: September, October

Bloom Color: Blue

Wildlife Value: Very late bloomer. Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs.

Host plant for the Silvery checkerspot and Pearl crescent butterflies and many species of moths including owlets.



Aromatic aster

Symphyotrichum oblongifolium





Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium, Medium-Dry, Dry

Height: 1-2 feet

Bloom Time: September, October

Bloom Color: Blue

Wildlife Value: Very late bloomer. Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs.

Host plant for the Silvery checkerspot butterfly and many species of moths including owlets.



Symphyotrichum laeve



Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium-Wet, Medium, Medium-Dry

Height: 4 feet

Bloom Time: August, September, October

Bloom Color: Blue

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs.

Host plant for the Pearl crescent butterfly and many species of moths including owlets.



Showy goldenrod

Solidago speciosa



Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium, Medium-Dry, Dry

Height: 4 - 5 feet

Bloom Time: September - October

Bloom Color: Yellow

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Blooms a little later than most goldenrods. One of the showiest of goldenrods with a feathery plume atop an attractive red stem.

Fragrant goldenrod

Solidago odora



Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium, Medium-Dry, Dry

Height: 3 feet

Bloom Time: August -September

Bloom Color: Yellow

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality late nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Doesn't cause sneezing or hay fever- its pollen is distributed by insects, rather than the wind. Nice-smelling leaves and dried flowers have been used to make tea.



Riddell's goldenrod

Oligoneuron riddellii

Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Moisture: Wet to Medium

Height: 3 - 4 feet

Bloom Time: August – October

Bloom Color: Yellow

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other pollinators.

Goldfinches love to eat the seed.

Mid-vein on leaves is very pronounced causing sides to fold upwards.



Stiff goldenrod

Oligoneuron rigidum

Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium wet to dry

Height: 2 - 4 feet

Bloom Time: August – October

Bloom Color: Yellow

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other pollinators.

Larger, flatter flower clusters than most goldenrods. Leaves turn nice shades of red in the fall. Readily self-seeds.





Wrinkle-leaf goldenrod

Solidago rugosa

Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Wet to medium wet

Height: 2 - 3 feet

Bloom Time: July – September

Bloom Color: Yellow

Wildlife Value:

Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other pollinators.

Goldfinches love to eat the seed.

Popular cultivar is named 'Fireworks.'





Solidago flexicaulis



Sun Exposure: Full to partial shade

Soil Moisture: Medium wet to medium dry

Height: 3 feet

Bloom Time: August – October

Bloom Color: Yellow

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other pollinators.

Host plant for many moth caterpillars.

Woodland songbirds love to eat the seed.



Dense blazing star

Liatris spicata

Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Moisture: Dry, Medium

Height: 2 - 5 feet

Bloom Time: August – September

Bloom Color: Purple

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other

pollinators.

Goldfinches love to eat the seed.

Tendency to flop over while in flower if it is spoiled with rich soil or too much moisture.



Rough blazing star

Liatris aspera

Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium to wet

Height: 2 - 5 feet

Bloom Time: July – September

Bloom Color: Purple

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other pollinators.

Blooms from top of spike down.





Meadow blazing star

Northern blazing star

Liatris ligulistylis



Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium-Wet, Medium, Medium-Dry

Height: 3 - 5 feet

Bloom Time: August – September

Bloom Color: Purple

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other pollinators.

Not native to Ohio but nearby states.

Monarch favorite!



Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium dry to dry

Height: 3 feet

Bloom Time: August -September

Bloom Color: Purple

Wildlife Value:

Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other pollinators.

May need staking.



Orange coneflower

Rudbeckia fulgida

Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium wet to medium dry

Height: 3 feet

Bloom Time: July -September

Bloom Color: Yellow, abundant

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality late nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

Host plant to Silvery Checkerspot. American goldfinch and others eat the seeds.

Deer resistant. Easy to grow.



Purple coneflower

Echinacea purpurea

Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Dry, Medium

Height: 2 - 4 feet

Bloom Time: July – September

Bloom Color: Purplish pink

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other pollinators.

Goldfinches love to eat the seed. Hummingbird favorite.

Can become aggressive.

Deer resistant.







Blue mistflower

Conoclinium coelestinum





Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium wet to medium dry

Height: 2 - 3 feet

Bloom Time: August – October

Bloom Color: Purplish blue

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for migrating monarchs and other pollinators.

Host plant for several moths including Clymene moth.

Can spread aggressively in moist open ground.

Deer and rabbit resistant.

Lance-leaf Coreopsis

Coreopsis lanceolata



Sun Exposure: Full sun

Soil Moisture: Medium dry to dry

Height: 2 feet

Bloom Time: May - July

Bloom Color: Yellow

Wildlife Value: Long bloom time providing valuable highquality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators.

A long-tongued bee (Melissodes coreopsis) is a specialist pollinator of Coreopsis species.



Frostweed

Verbesina virginica

Sun Exposure: Full to partial shade

Soil Moisture: Dry, Medium-Dry, Wet, Medium-Wet

Height: 3 - 5 feet

Bloom Time: August -September

Bloom Color: White

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality late nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators

Frostweed gets its common name from its ice ribbons, also called ice flowers or ice fingers. During the early morning of a hard freeze, you may be able to see Frostweed's stems break open and reveal beautiful ice formations.



American Dittany

Cunila origanoides



Milkweed Datch

Sun Exposure: Partial shade

Soil Moisture: Dry to medium dry

Height: 1-1½ feet

Bloom Time: July -September

Bloom Color: Purple

Wildlife Value: Moderately important source of high-quality late nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators

Dittany is also known as Frostweed since it creates ice ribbons, also called ice flowers or ice fingers. During the early morning of a hard freeze, you may be able to see beautiful ice formations near its stem bases.

Deer and rabbit resistant.

Anise Hyssop

Agastache foeniculum

Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Medium to medium dry

Height: 3 feet

Bloom Time: June -September

Bloom Color: Purple

Wildlife Value:

Valuable high-quality long season nectar for butterflies, bees, hummingbirds, and many other pollinators.

Easy to grow; self-sows readily.

Licorice smell which makes it deer and rabbit resistant.







Clustered Mountain Mint

Pycnanthemum muticum

Bloom Time: July -September

Sun Exposure: Full to

Soil Moisture: Medium

partial sun

to medium dry

Height: 3 feet

Bloom Color: White

Wildlife Value: Valuable high-quality nectar for butterflies, bees, and many other pollinators.

Minty smell which makes it deer and rabbit resistant.

Spreads by rhizomes but not as aggressively as other mint family relatives.

Cardinal Flower

Lobelia cardinalis



Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Wet to medium wet

Height: 4 feet

Bloom Time: July -September

Bloom Color: Red

Wildlife Value: Hummingbird and swallowtail butterfly favorite!!

Short-lived perennial so allow to self-seed.

Deer and rabbit resistant.





Southern Blue Flag Iris

Iris virginica



Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Wet to medium wet

Height: 2*3 feet

Bloom Time: May – July

Bloom Color: Blue

Wildlife Value: Nectar and pollen for bees.

Deer and rabbit resistant.







Cephalanthus occidentalis

Sun Exposure: Full to partial sun

Soil Moisture: Wet to medium wet

Height: Up to 12 feet tall and 8 feet wide

Bloom Time: June -August

Bloom Color: White

Wildlife Value:

Valuable high-quality nectar for butterflies, bees, and many other pollinators.

Seed consumed by waterfowl.

Host plant for hydrangea sphinx and Royal walnut moth (Hickory horned devil).

Deer and rabbit resistant.

Does not do well in dry soils.







Northern Bush Honeysuckle

Diervilla lonicera



Sun Exposure: Full to partial shade

Soil Moisture: Dry to medium dry

Height: 1-3 feet

Bloom Time: June - August

Bloom Color: Yellow

Wildlife Value: Moderately important source of high-quality nectar for monarchs and many other pollinators

Host plant for Laurel sphinx and Snowberry clearwing moths.

Drought tolerant making it good to plant under mature trees. Great fall color.







Sample garden plan included!

*Substitutions on species may be necessary

Butterfly Garden Seed Pops

Each seed pop is a mixture of **clay, peat, and seeds** from three butterfly-friendly native flowering plants.

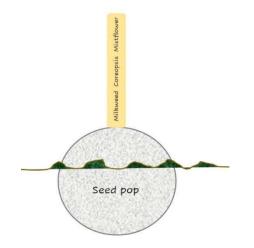
The plants you can expect to grow are:



Butterfly milkweed Lance-leaf coreopsis Mistflower

Plant the seed pop, use the stick as a plant marker, water, and enjoy!

Perfect as favors or gifts for new homeowners, hostesses, gardeners, butterfly lovers!!



In addition to cash, The Milkweed Patch accepts all major credit cards, Venmo, PayPal, and mobile payments (e.g., Apple Pay, Android Pay, and Samsung Pay)!

We also offer e-gift cards on our website!

Visit us on the web: <u>www.TheMilkweedPatch.com</u> Email us:<u>TheMilkweedPatch@gmail.com</u>

Find us on Facebook: <u>www.facebook.com/TheMilkweedPatchInOhio</u>